

N-(2,6-Dimethylphenyl)-2-methylbenzamide

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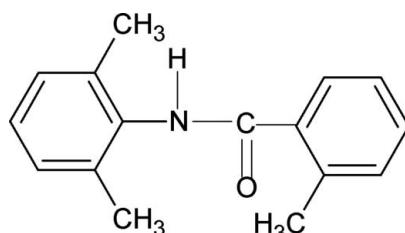
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002 \text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.037; wR factor = 0.127; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.5.

In the title molecule, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}$, the N—H and C=O groups are in the antiperiplanar conformation that has been observed in related compounds. Furthermore, the conformation of the C=O group with respect to the methyl substituent in the 2-methylphenyl ring is *syn*, as has also been observed in related structures. The amide group makes dihedral angles of 50.3 (3) and 64.6 (3) $^\circ$ with the 2-methylphenyl and 2,6-dimethylphenyl rings, respectively, while the angle between the planes of the two rings is 14.26 (7) $^\circ$. The molecules are packed into chains via N—H···O hydrogen bonds. An intramolecular C—H···O hydrogen bond is also observed.

Related literature

For related literature, see: Gowda *et al.* (2003); Gowda, Foro *et al.* (2008); Gowda, Tokářčík *et al.* (2008).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}$

$M_r = 239.31$

Orthorhombic, $Pbca$
 $a = 11.687$ (1) \AA
 $b = 10.0187$ (8) \AA
 $c = 22.108$ (2) \AA
 $V = 2588.6$ (4) \AA^3

$Z = 8$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 100$ (2) K
 $0.36 \times 0.24 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Oxford Xcalibur diffractometer
with Sapphire CCD detector
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford
Diffraction, 2007)
 $T_{\min} = 0.971$, $T_{\max} = 0.999$

10773 measured reflections
2624 independent reflections
1864 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.127$
 $S = 1.00$
2624 reflections
169 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained
refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.27 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1—H1N···O1 ⁱ	0.917 (17)	2.012 (17)	2.9248 (15)	173.7 (14)
C15—H15A···O1	0.98	2.53	3.1170 (17)	118

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2004); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *JANA2000* (Petříček *et al.*, 2000); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXS97*.

BTG thanks the Alexander von Humboldt Foundation, Bonn, Germany, for extensions of his research fellowship.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FB2099).

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N-(2,6-Dimethylphenyl)-2-methylbenzamide

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Comment

In the present work, the structure of 2-methyl-N-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-benzamide (N26DMP2MBA) has been determined in order to explore the effect of the substituents on the structures of benzilides (Gowda *et al.*, 2003; Gowda, Foro *et al.*, 2008; Gowda, Tokarčík *et al.*, 2008). In the structure of the title compound (N26DMP2MBA) (Fig. 1), the N—H and C=O groups are in antiperiplanar conformation. This conformation is similar to the conformations in the already determined structures, *e.g.* in 2-methyl-N-(phenyl)-benzamide (NP2MBA) (Gowda, Foro *et al.*, 2008); in 2-methyl-N-(2-methylphenyl)-benzamide (N2MP2MBA) and in *N*-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-benzamide (N26DMPBA) (Gowda, Tokarčík *et al.*, 2008). Further, in the title compound N26DMP2MBA, the conformation of the C=O group to the methyl substituent in the 2-methylphenyl ring is *syn*. This conformation is similar to those observed in NP2MBA and N2MP2MBA. The bond distances and angles in N26DMP2MBA are similar to those in NP2MBA, N2MP2MBA, N26DMPBA and other benzilides (Gowda *et al.*, 2003; Gowda, Foro *et al.*, 2008; Gowda, Tokarčík *et al.*, 2008). The amide group makes the dihedral angles equal to 50.3 (3) $^{\circ}$ and 64.6 (3) $^{\circ}$ with the 2-methylphenyl and 2,6-dimethylphenyl rings, respectively, while the angle between the planes of both rings is 14.26 (7) $^{\circ}$. In the crystal structure, the molecules are linked into chains *via* intermolecular N—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds (Table 1). These chains are parallel to the a axis (Fig. 2).

Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to the method described by Gowda *et al.* (2003). The purity of the compound was checked by determining its melting point (136°C). The title compound was also characterized by recording its infrared and NMR spectra. Plate-like colourless layered crystals with edges in the range from 0.2 to 1.0 mm were obtained by slow evaporation at room temperature from an ethanol solution (0.5 g of the title compound in about 40 ml of ethanol).

Refinement

All the hydrogen atoms could have been discerned in the difference Fourier map, nevertheless, all the H atoms attached to the carbon atoms were constrained in a riding motion approximation with C_{aryl}—H = 0.95, C_{methyl}—H = 0.98 Å, while U_{iso}H = 1.2U_{eq}C. The positional parameters of H_N were refined freely. U_{iso}H_N = 1.2U_{eq}N. Five not matching reflections (2 0 0; 2 1 1; 1 0 2; 1 1 2; 1 1 3) were omitted from the refinement since their |F_o—F_c|/σ(F_o)>100 (Petříček *et al.*, 2000).

Figures



Fig. 1. Molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom labelling scheme. The displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. The H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

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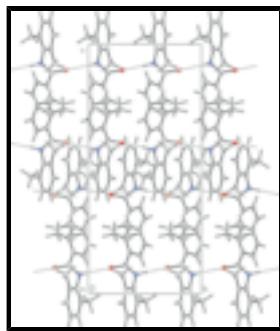


Fig. 2. Molecular packing of the title compound with hydrogen bonding shown as dashed lines.

N-(2,6-Dimethylphenyl)-2-methylbenzamide

Crystal data

C ₁₆ H ₁₇ NO	$D_x = 1.228 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$M_r = 239.31$	Melting point: 409 K
Orthorhombic, <i>Pbca</i>	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 11.687(1) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 4403 reflections
$b = 10.0187(8) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.2\text{--}28.0^\circ$
$c = 22.108(2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$V = 2588.6(4) \text{ \AA}^3$	$T = 100(2) \text{ K}$
$Z = 8$	Plate, colourless
$F_{000} = 1024$	$0.36 \times 0.24 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Oxford Xcalibur diffractometer with Sapphire CCD detector	2624 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1864 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$
$T = 100(2) \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.4^\circ$
Rotation method data acquisition using ω and φ scans	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.8^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis RED; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)	$h = -14 \rightarrow 14$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.971$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.999$	$k = -11 \rightarrow 12$
10773 measured reflections	$l = -27 \rightarrow 27$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$	H atoms treated by a mixture of
$wR(F^2) = 0.127$	independent and constrained refinement
	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0871P)^2 + 0.016P]$
	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$S = 1.00$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
2624 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.27 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
169 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.21 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
62 constraints	Extinction correction: none
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

Experimental. CrysAlis RED, Oxford Diffraction Ltd., 2007 Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.66409 (12)	0.10525 (13)	0.52066 (6)	0.0192 (3)
C2	0.71926 (13)	0.06605 (13)	0.46747 (6)	0.0220 (3)
C3	0.66617 (14)	0.09420 (15)	0.41272 (7)	0.0286 (4)
H3	0.7031	0.0707	0.3760	0.034*
C4	0.56017 (15)	0.15594 (14)	0.41088 (7)	0.0311 (4)
H4	0.5253	0.1753	0.3731	0.037*
C5	0.50550 (13)	0.18914 (14)	0.46372 (7)	0.0275 (4)
H5	0.4319	0.2291	0.4620	0.033*
C6	0.55589 (12)	0.16532 (13)	0.52008 (6)	0.0214 (3)
C7	0.76049 (11)	0.17701 (13)	0.61334 (6)	0.0188 (3)
C8	0.83330 (12)	0.13044 (13)	0.66513 (6)	0.0204 (3)
C9	0.81566 (13)	0.17869 (13)	0.72420 (7)	0.0238 (3)
C10	0.88936 (13)	0.13316 (14)	0.76907 (7)	0.0302 (4)
H10	0.8775	0.1622	0.8095	0.036*
C11	0.97939 (14)	0.04706 (16)	0.75717 (7)	0.0318 (4)
H11	1.0285	0.0188	0.7889	0.038*
C12	0.99719 (13)	0.00269 (15)	0.69892 (8)	0.0298 (4)
H12	1.0596	-0.0549	0.6901	0.036*
C13	0.92333 (13)	0.04273 (14)	0.65328 (7)	0.0244 (3)
H13	0.9342	0.0100	0.6134	0.029*
C14	0.83131 (13)	-0.00795 (15)	0.46972 (7)	0.0277 (4)
H14A	0.8217	-0.0904	0.4930	0.033*
H14B	0.8893	0.0482	0.4891	0.033*
H14C	0.8558	-0.0298	0.4285	0.033*

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C15	0.49430 (12)	0.20052 (15)	0.57709 (7)	0.0270 (4)
H15A	0.5274	0.2820	0.5943	0.032*
H15B	0.5019	0.1273	0.6062	0.032*
H15C	0.4131	0.2154	0.5682	0.032*
C16	0.72240 (14)	0.27522 (16)	0.73949 (7)	0.0319 (4)
H16A	0.6542	0.2545	0.7155	0.038*
H16B	0.7479	0.3662	0.7304	0.038*
H16C	0.7040	0.2682	0.7826	0.038*
O1	0.74295 (8)	0.29638 (10)	0.60380 (4)	0.0221 (3)
N1	0.71980 (10)	0.07909 (12)	0.57731 (5)	0.0198 (3)
H1N	0.7370 (13)	-0.0079 (17)	0.5864 (7)	0.024*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0241 (7)	0.0121 (7)	0.0214 (7)	-0.0040 (6)	-0.0027 (6)	0.0008 (5)
C2	0.0294 (8)	0.0141 (7)	0.0226 (8)	-0.0037 (6)	-0.0004 (6)	0.0003 (5)
C3	0.0437 (10)	0.0198 (8)	0.0223 (7)	-0.0024 (7)	-0.0011 (7)	-0.0009 (6)
C4	0.0469 (10)	0.0206 (8)	0.0259 (8)	-0.0016 (8)	-0.0131 (7)	0.0003 (6)
C5	0.0293 (8)	0.0167 (7)	0.0364 (9)	0.0004 (7)	-0.0101 (7)	-0.0005 (6)
C6	0.0247 (7)	0.0128 (7)	0.0266 (8)	-0.0047 (6)	-0.0035 (6)	0.0012 (6)
C7	0.0199 (7)	0.0159 (8)	0.0208 (7)	-0.0020 (6)	0.0058 (6)	0.0001 (6)
C8	0.0243 (7)	0.0141 (7)	0.0228 (8)	-0.0052 (6)	-0.0003 (6)	0.0029 (5)
C9	0.0284 (7)	0.0180 (7)	0.0251 (8)	-0.0050 (6)	-0.0010 (6)	-0.0009 (6)
C10	0.0403 (9)	0.0270 (8)	0.0235 (8)	-0.0038 (7)	-0.0063 (7)	-0.0011 (6)
C11	0.0337 (8)	0.0290 (8)	0.0326 (9)	-0.0019 (7)	-0.0136 (7)	0.0053 (7)
C12	0.0266 (8)	0.0256 (8)	0.0372 (10)	0.0017 (7)	-0.0050 (7)	0.0027 (7)
C13	0.0280 (8)	0.0184 (7)	0.0267 (8)	-0.0009 (7)	-0.0011 (6)	0.0009 (6)
C14	0.0339 (8)	0.0245 (8)	0.0246 (8)	0.0035 (7)	0.0050 (7)	-0.0006 (6)
C15	0.0242 (7)	0.0223 (8)	0.0346 (9)	0.0002 (7)	0.0030 (7)	0.0012 (6)
C16	0.0402 (9)	0.0327 (9)	0.0227 (8)	-0.0003 (8)	-0.0003 (7)	-0.0037 (7)
O1	0.0275 (6)	0.0139 (5)	0.0250 (6)	-0.0004 (4)	0.0020 (4)	0.0014 (4)
N1	0.0260 (6)	0.0142 (6)	0.0193 (6)	0.0019 (5)	-0.0025 (5)	0.0018 (5)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—C2	1.397 (2)	C9—C16	1.496 (2)
C1—C6	1.400 (2)	C10—C11	1.386 (2)
C1—N1	1.4357 (17)	C10—H10	0.9500
C2—C3	1.389 (2)	C11—C12	1.378 (2)
C2—C14	1.506 (2)	C11—H11	0.9500
C3—C4	1.385 (2)	C12—C13	1.387 (2)
C3—H3	0.9500	C12—H12	0.9500
C4—C5	1.372 (2)	C13—H13	0.9500
C4—H4	0.9500	C14—H14A	0.9800
C5—C6	1.399 (2)	C14—H14B	0.9800
C5—H5	0.9500	C14—H14C	0.9800
C6—C15	1.494 (2)	C15—H15A	0.9800
C7—O1	1.2316 (17)	C15—H15B	0.9800

C7—N1	1.3502 (18)	C15—H15C	0.9800
C7—C8	1.5009 (19)	C16—H16A	0.9800
C8—C13	1.396 (2)	C16—H16B	0.9800
C8—C9	1.408 (2)	C16—H16C	0.9800
C9—C10	1.391 (2)	N1—H1N	0.917 (17)
C2—C1—C6	121.98 (13)	C12—C11—C10	119.52 (14)
C2—C1—N1	118.27 (12)	C12—C11—H11	120.2
C6—C1—N1	119.73 (12)	C10—C11—H11	120.2
C3—C2—C1	118.04 (13)	C11—C12—C13	119.50 (15)
C3—C2—C14	121.15 (13)	C11—C12—H12	120.2
C1—C2—C14	120.78 (12)	C13—C12—H12	120.2
C4—C3—C2	121.05 (14)	C12—C13—C8	120.98 (14)
C4—C3—H3	119.5	C12—C13—H13	119.5
C2—C3—H3	119.5	C8—C13—H13	119.5
C5—C4—C3	119.97 (14)	C2—C14—H14A	109.5
C5—C4—H4	120.0	C2—C14—H14B	109.5
C3—C4—H4	120.0	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C4—C5—C6	121.39 (14)	C2—C14—H14C	109.5
C4—C5—H5	119.3	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C6—C5—H5	119.3	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—C6—C1	117.49 (13)	C6—C15—H15A	109.5
C5—C6—C15	120.57 (13)	C6—C15—H15B	109.5
C1—C6—C15	121.93 (12)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
O1—C7—N1	123.09 (13)	C6—C15—H15C	109.5
O1—C7—C8	121.79 (12)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
N1—C7—C8	115.08 (12)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C13—C8—C9	120.04 (13)	C9—C16—H16A	109.5
C13—C8—C7	118.69 (12)	C9—C16—H16B	109.5
C9—C8—C7	121.19 (12)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C10—C9—C8	117.28 (14)	C9—C16—H16C	109.5
C10—C9—C16	120.15 (13)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
C8—C9—C16	122.57 (13)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
C11—C10—C9	122.62 (14)	C7—N1—C1	122.80 (12)
C11—C10—H10	118.7	C7—N1—H1N	118.9 (10)
C9—C10—H10	118.7	C1—N1—H1N	117.7 (10)
C6—C1—C2—C3	3.1 (2)	N1—C7—C8—C9	-132.73 (14)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-178.62 (12)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-1.3 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C14	-175.18 (12)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-178.09 (12)
N1—C1—C2—C14	3.1 (2)	C13—C8—C9—C16	178.58 (14)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.8 (2)	C7—C8—C9—C16	1.8 (2)
C14—C2—C3—C4	176.51 (13)	C8—C9—C10—C11	2.0 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.6 (2)	C16—C9—C10—C11	-177.92 (14)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.8 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.7 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.5 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-1.3 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C15	-179.17 (13)	C11—C12—C13—C8	1.9 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-2.0 (2)	C9—C8—C13—C12	-0.6 (2)
N1—C1—C6—C5	179.75 (12)	C7—C8—C13—C12	176.27 (13)
C2—C1—C6—C15	176.66 (13)	O1—C7—N1—C1	7.7 (2)

supplementary materials

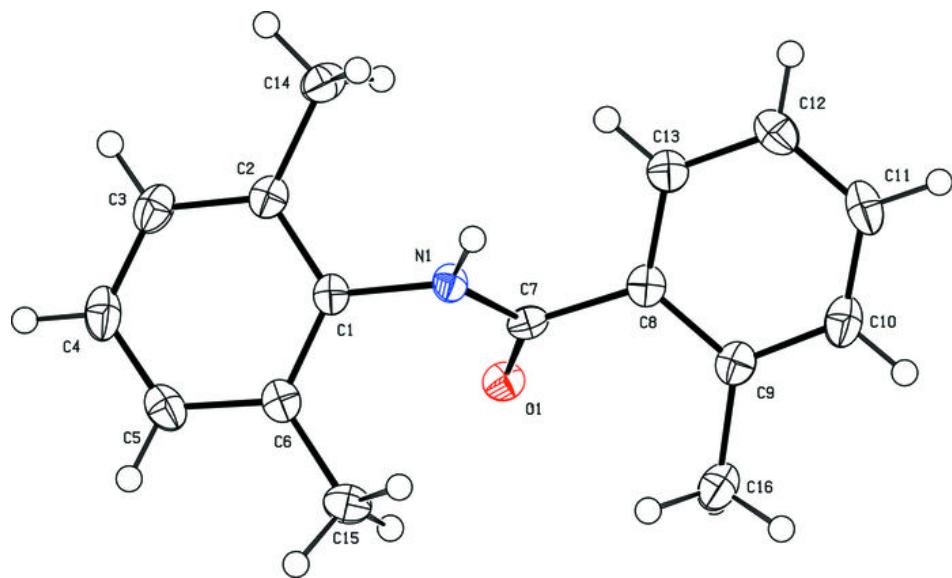
N1—C1—C6—C15	−1.6 (2)	C8—C7—N1—C1	−169.99 (11)
O1—C7—C8—C13	−127.30 (14)	C2—C1—N1—C7	112.35 (15)
N1—C7—C8—C13	50.44 (17)	C6—C1—N1—C7	−69.34 (18)
O1—C7—C8—C9	49.54 (19)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\cdots H$	$D\cdots A$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\cdots H\cdots A$
N1—H1N \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.917 (17)	2.012 (17)	2.9248 (15)	173.7 (14)
C15—H15A \cdots O1	0.98	2.53	3.1170 (17)	118

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+3/2, y-1/2, z$.

Fig. 1



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Fig. 2

